# Introduction to Information Systems Essentials for the Internetworked E-Business Enterprise

**Eleventh Edition** 



#### Chapter

## **Telecommunications**

## and

## **Networks**

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### **Chapter Objectives**

Identify several major developments and trends in the industries, technologies, and business applications of telecommunications and Internet technologies.

Provide examples of the business value of Internet, intranet, and extranet applications.

Identify the basic components, functions, and types of telecommunications networks used in business.

Explain the functions of major types of telecommunications network hardware, software, media, and services.

### Trends in Telecommunications

Industry Trends More vendors, carriers, alliances, and network services, accelerated by deregulation & Internet growth

**Technology Trends** 

Extensive Internet, interconnected local & global digital networks, improved transmission channels

Application Trends More electronic commerce, enterprise collaboration, online business operations and strategic advantage in markets

#### **Telecommunications Strategic Capabilities**

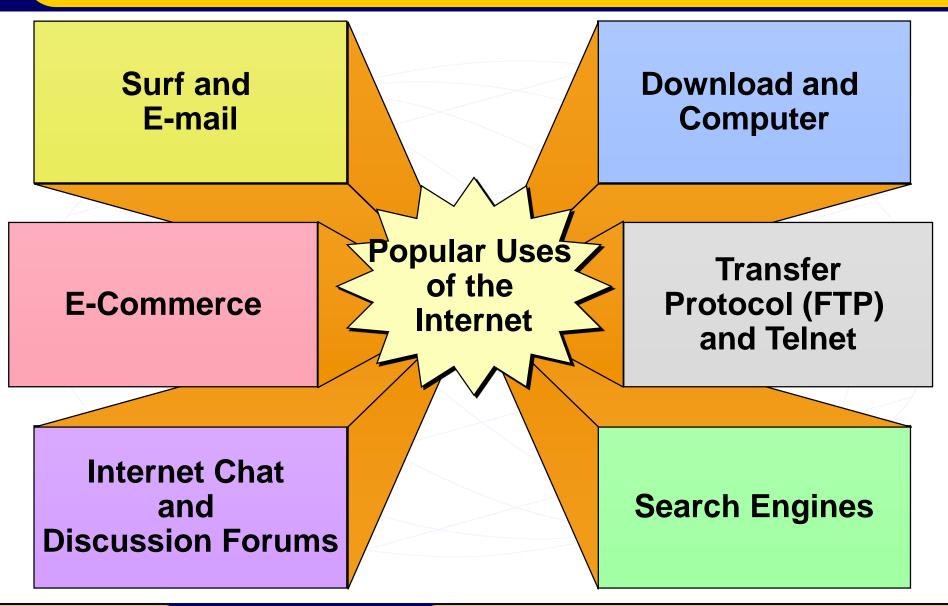
**Overcome Geographic Barriers: Capture information about business transactions from remote locations.** 

Overcome Time Barriers: Provide information to remote locations immediately after it is requested.

Overcome Cost Barriers: Reduce the cost of more traditional means of communications.

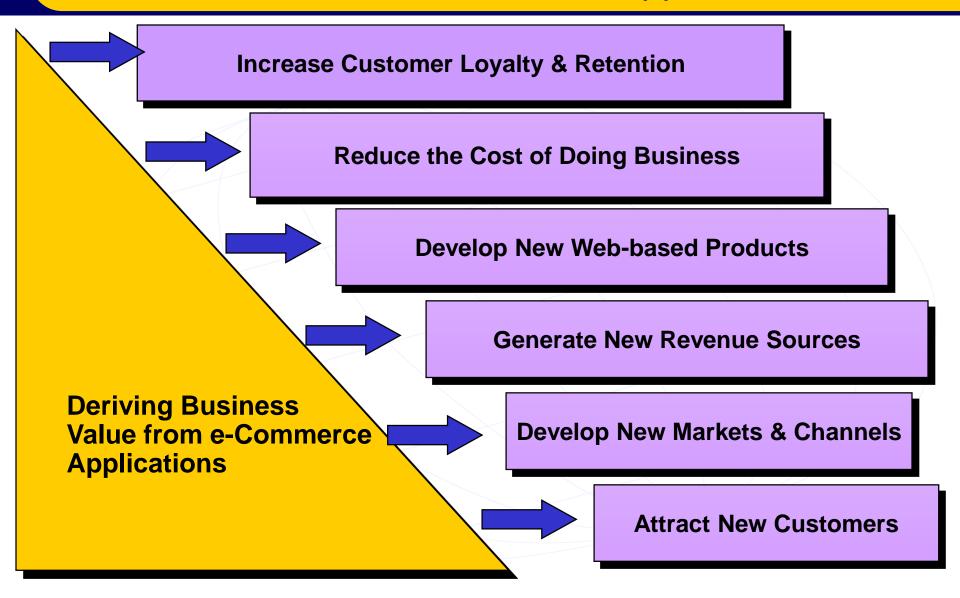
**Overcome Structural Barriers: Support linkages for competitive advantage.** 

#### **Internet Applications**

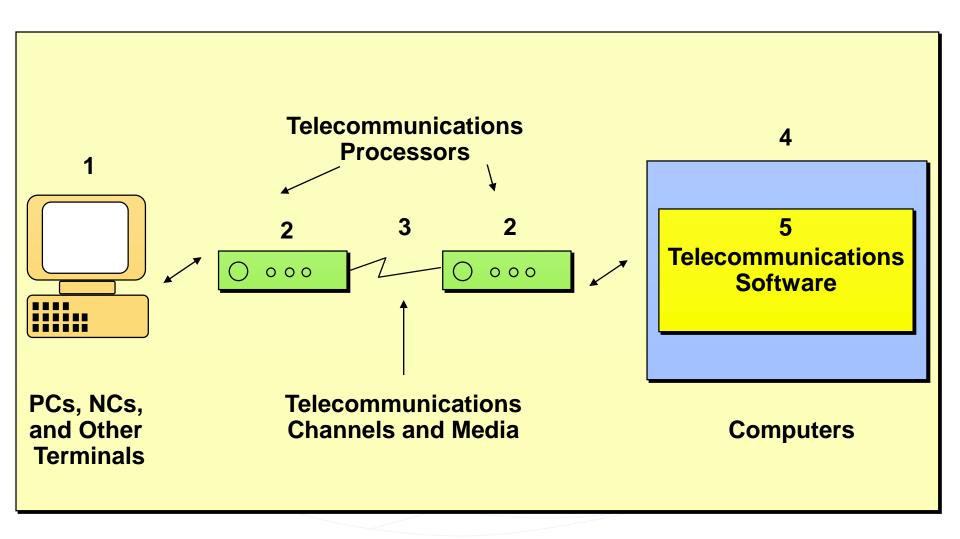


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#### **Business Value from e-Commerce Applications**

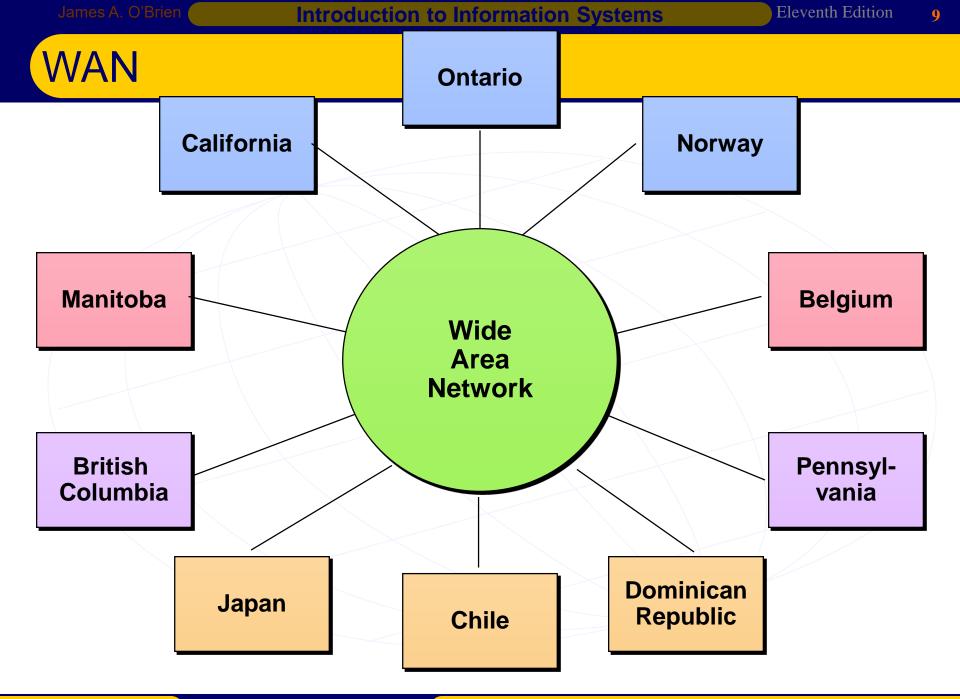


#### **Basic Components in a Telecommunications Network**



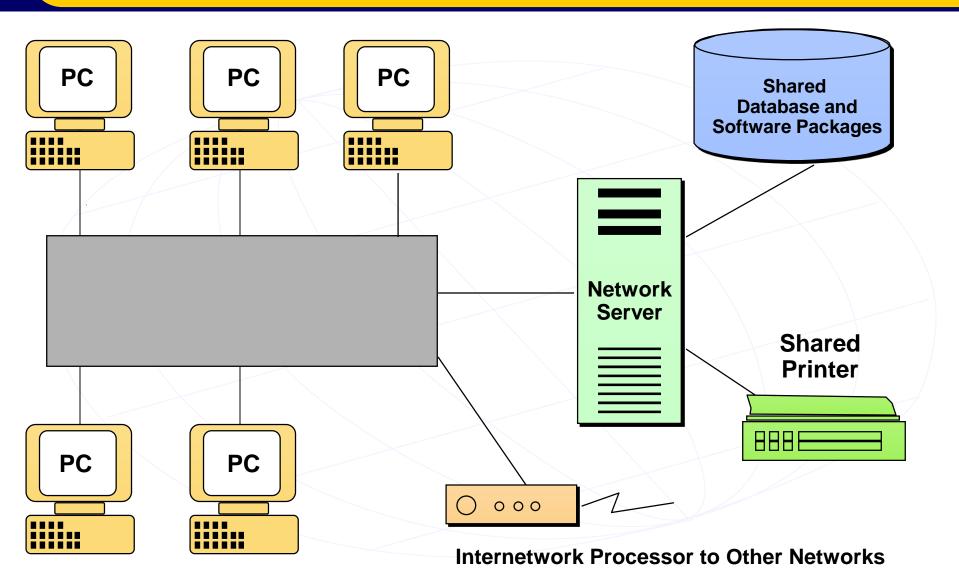
#### Wide Area Networks

San Francisco

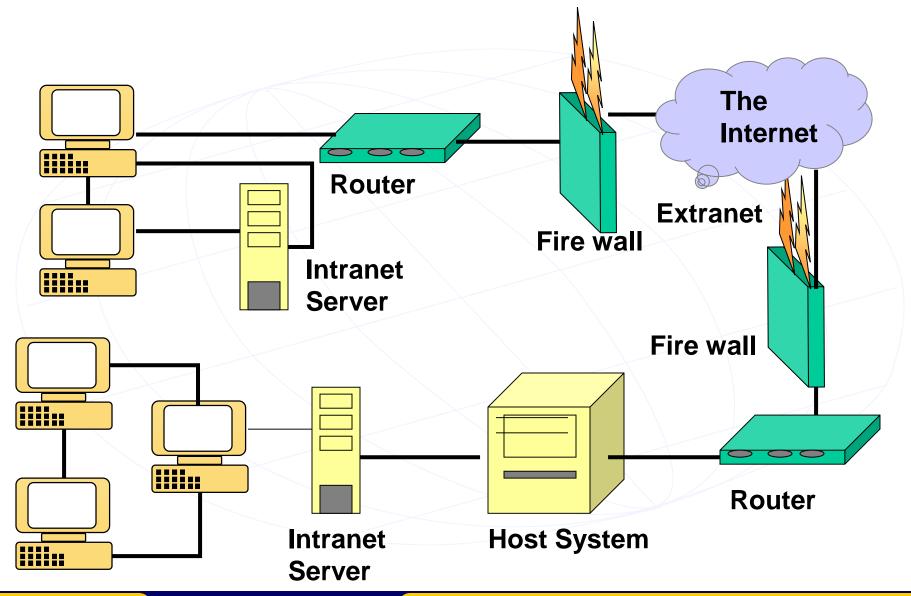


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#### Local Area Networks

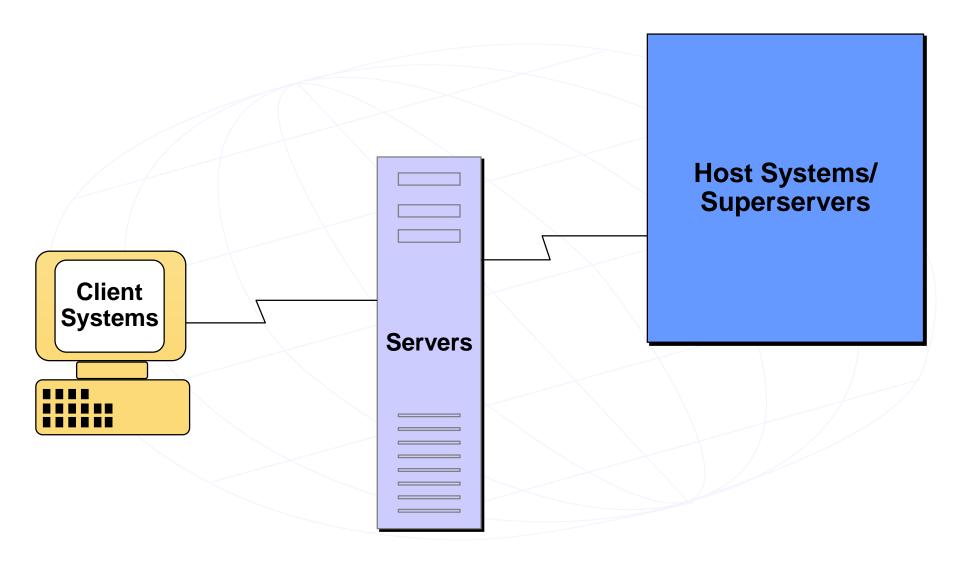


#### **Other E-business Networks**

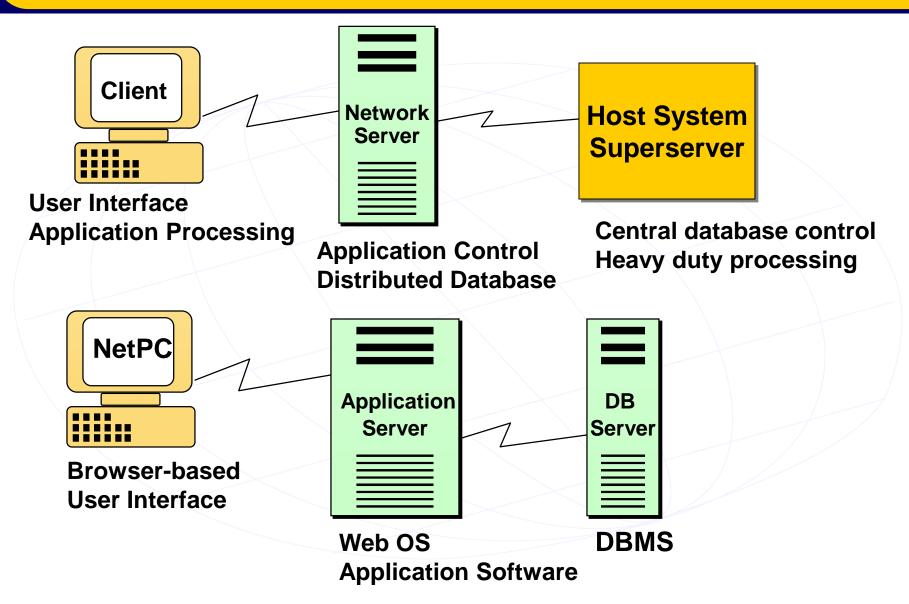


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### **Client Server Networking**



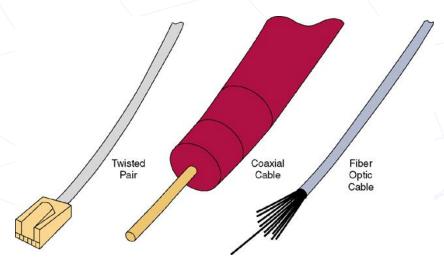
#### **Client/Server Networks and Network Computing**



## **Telecommunications Communication Media**

- Twisted Pair
- Coaxial Cable
- Fiber Optics
- Terrestrial Microwave

- Communication Satellites
- Cellular Technologies
- Wireless LAN

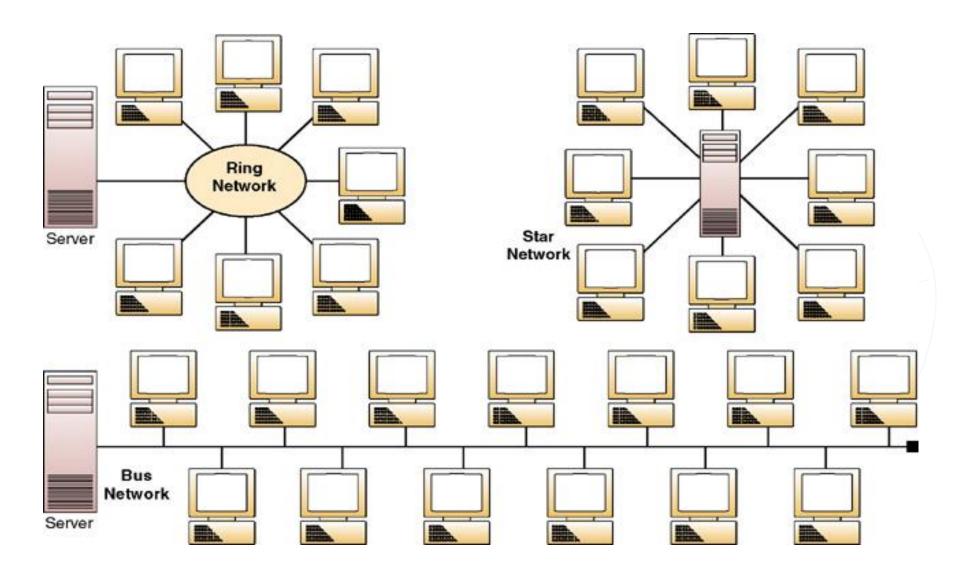


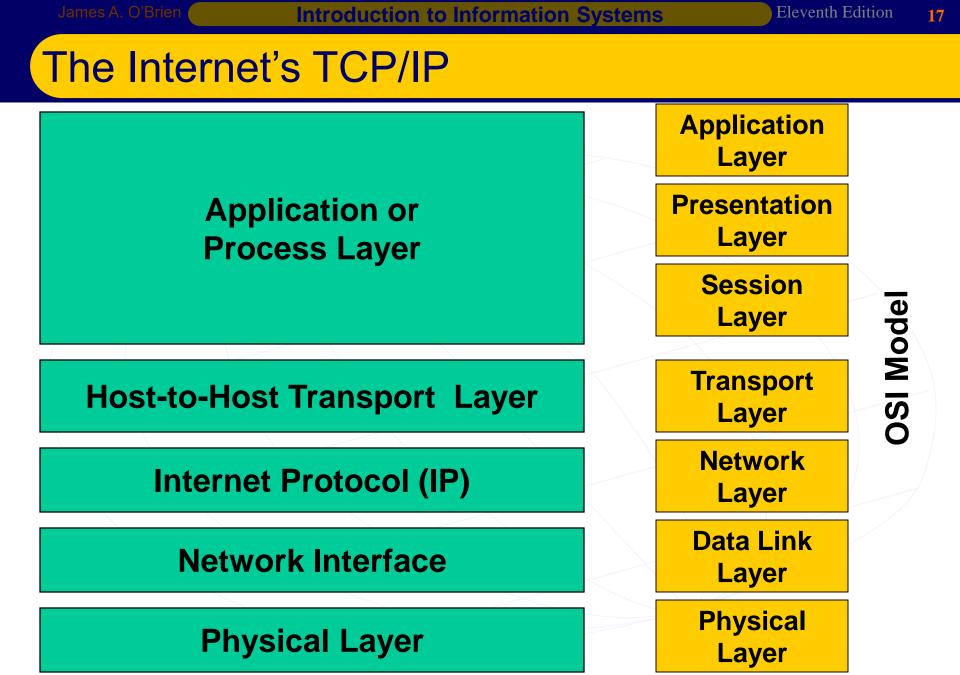
#### **Telecommunications Processors and Software**

- Modems
- Multiplexers
- Internetwork Processors
  - Switches
  - Routers
  - Hubs
  - Gateways
- Fire walls

- Network Operating System
- Telecommunications
  Monitor
- Middleware
- Network Management Software

### **Network Topologies**





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#### **Chapter Summary**

- Organizations are becoming internetworked enterprises that use the Internet, intranets, and other telecommunications networks to support ebusiness.
- Telecommunications has entered a deregulated and fiercely competitive environment with many vendors, carriers, and services
- A major trend is towards pervasive use of the Internet and its technologies to build interconnected enterprise and global networks.

### Chapter Summary (cont)

- The major components of any telecommunications network are:
  - Terminals,
  - Telecommunications processors,
  - Communication channels,
  - Computers, and
  - Telecommunications software.

There are several basic types of telecomm networks, including wide area networks (WANs) and local area networks (LANs).

#### Chapter Summary (cont)

Key telecommunications network alternatives include telecommunications media, processors, software, channels, and architectures.